

2 (Element of Cloth Structure)

1. (Warp and weft Cimp)

,
 . (Crimp) .

C C% .

$$C = (L_y - L_f) / L_f$$

$$C\% = (L_y - L_f) \times 100 / L_f$$

$$L_y =$$

$$L_f =$$

$$C = (L_y - L_f) / L_f = L_y / L_f - 1$$

$$1 + C = L_y / L_f$$

, (1+C) (Crimp Ratio) .

C₁, C₂ .

(1) 12% , 60yd

.

$$L_f = 160 \text{yd. } C_1 = 0.12$$

$$L_y = L_f(1 + C) = 160 \times (1 + 0.12) = 179.2 \text{yd.}$$

(2) 8% , 800yd

.

$$L_y = 800 \text{yd. } C_1 = 0.08$$

$$L_f = L_y / (1 + C) = 800 / 1.08 = 740.8 \text{yd}$$

(Open Shed) , ,

L_y 가 , (Reed)
. (Reed Width) . 가
(Beat Up) (Cloth Feel)
가 (Scissors-Like Pressure)
. , 가
(Temple) .
가)
(Breast Beam) ,
 L_f (: Loomstate Width) .
. ,
. 가 가 3 .
(3) 6% , 38inch
.
 $L_f = 38'' C_2 = 6\% = 0.06$
 $L_y = L_f(1+C) = 38 \times 1.06 = 40.28''$
(4) 60'' 9%
.
 $L_y = 60'' C_2 = 9\% = 0.09$
 $L_f = L_y(1+C) = 60/1.09 = 55.05''$
(5) 44'' 40'' ,
.
 $L_y = 44'' \quad L_f = 40''$
 $(1+C) = L_y/L_f = 44/40 = 1.10$
 $C_2 = 0.10 = 10\%$

(Loomstate Cloth)

(Finished Cloth) ,

. 가

.

2.

가 ,

가 .

, (inch), (),

가 .

w = .

$$w = \frac{\text{(yd)}}{\text{yd/lb}} \dots\dots\dots (2.1)$$

(2.1) , 1 (四)

.

$$1 = \times \text{(yd)}$$

.

(a) $\times$ /in.

(b) $\times$ /in.

.

.

$$- \times (1+Cl)$$

$$1 =$$

$$1 = \text{(yd)} \times \text{/in} \times 36$$

$$\text{(yd)} \text{ 가 .}$$

(a) (in)/36

$$(b) \quad (in) \times (1+C_2)/36$$

(2.1)

$$, \quad yd/lb = \quad \times (\quad) \quad yd$$

$$: 840yd$$

$$: 560yd$$

$$\text{Denier} \quad \text{Tex} \quad yd/lb$$

() Denier

$$\text{Denier} \quad , \quad 1\text{Denier} \quad 1g \quad 9,000m \quad ,$$

$$1\text{denier} \quad 1lb \quad 9,000 \times 453.6 \times 1.0936 = 4,464,000yd \quad .$$

$$yd/lb = 4,464,00/\text{Denier} \quad (2.1)$$

$$w = \frac{(yd) \times \text{Denier}}{4,464,000} \dots\dots\dots(2.2)$$

$$4,464,000 \quad 2.24 \times 10^{-7} \quad , \quad (2.2)$$

$$w = (yd) \times \text{Denier} \times 2.24 \times 10^{-7} \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot (2.3)$$

() Tex

$$\text{Tex} \quad , \quad 1\text{Tex} \quad 1g \quad 1,000m \quad 1\text{Tex} \quad 1lb$$

$$1,000 \times 453.6 \times 1.0936 = 496,000yd \quad .$$

$$yd/lb = 496,000/\text{Tex}$$

$$\text{Tex} \quad (2.1)$$

$$w = \frac{(yd) \times \text{Tex}}{496,000} \dots\dots\dots(2.4)$$

$$496,000 \quad 2.016 \times 10^{-6} \quad , \quad (2.4)$$

$$w = \quad (\text{yd}) \times \text{Tex} \times 2.016 \times 10^{-6} \cdot \cdot \cdot (2.5) \quad (2.3) \quad (2.5) \quad (2.2)$$

$$(2.4) \quad .$$

$$(\quad 6)$$

yd

yd

$$(\text{oz/yd}^2) \quad .$$

$$22's \times 18's, 64 \times 60, C_1=6.5\%, C_2=8.5\%$$

$$1 \quad \text{yd} \quad = 64 \times 36$$

$$=(1+0.065)\text{yd}=1.065\text{yd}$$

$$w_1 = \frac{64 \times 36 \times 1.065}{22 \times 840} = 0.133\text{lb}$$

$$1 \quad \text{yd} \quad = 60 \times 36$$

$$=(1+0.085)\text{yd}=1.085\text{yd}$$

$$w_2 = \frac{60 \times 36 \times 1.085}{18 \times 840} = 0.155\text{lb}$$

$$(\text{oz/yd}^2)=(w_1+w_2) \times 16=4.61\text{oz/yd}^2$$

$$(\quad 7)$$

yd

yd

$$(\text{oz/yd}^2) \quad .$$

$$45^D \times 45^D, 104 \times 96, C_1=4\%, C_2=5\%$$

$$=104 \times 36 \times (1+0.04)\text{yd}$$

$$=96 \times 36 \times (1+0.05)\text{yd}$$

$$\text{yd/lb} \quad =45 \times 2.24 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$w_1=104 \times 36 \times 1.04 \times 45 \times 2.24 \times 10^{-7}=0.040\text{lb}$$

$$w_2 = 96 \times 36 \times 1.05 \times 45 \times 2.24 \times 10^{-7} = 0.038 \text{ lb}$$

(2.3)

$$= (0.040 + 0.038) \times 16 = 1.25 \text{ oz/yd}^2$$

(8)

1

$$90 \text{ yd} \times 38 \text{ in}, 30 \text{ Tex} \times 32 \text{ Tex}, 62 \times 58, C_1 = 9.5\%, C_2 = 7.5\%$$

$$= 62 \times 38 \times (1 + 0.095) \times 90 \text{ yd}$$

$$(58 \times 36) \quad 1 \text{ yd}, \quad (38/36 \times 1.075) \quad (\text{yd})$$

(2.50)

$$w_1 = 62 \times 38 \times 1.095 \times 90 \times 30 \times 2.016 \times 10^{-6} = 13.76 \text{ lb}$$

(9)

1

$$= 63 \text{ yd}, \quad = 70 \text{ yd}, \quad = 64 \text{ in}$$

$$= 50 \text{ /in}, \quad = 48 \text{ /in},$$

$$= 2/32 \text{ 's}$$

()

$$w_1 = \frac{(\quad) \times (\quad) \times (\quad)}{\text{yd/lb}} = \frac{50 \times 64 \times 70}{32/2 \times 560} = 25 \text{ lb}$$

$$w_2 = \frac{(\quad) \times (\quad) \times (\quad)}{\text{yd/lb}} = \frac{48 \times 64 \times 63}{32/2 \times 560} = 216.6 \text{ lb}$$

7

$$(1+C_1)=L_y/L_f=70/63=1.11$$

$$C_1=11\%$$

3. (Cover Factor), K

Law Ashenhurst

1

(Cloth-

Setting Theory)

Shirley institute Peirce

“(The Geometry of Cloth Structure, 1937)

Fig1.1

, d/p

(Relative closeness)

(cover)

(Fractional Cover)

=d/p

Peirce

$$d = \frac{1}{28} \sqrt{N}$$

$$\frac{d}{p} = \frac{n}{28\sqrt{N}} \times \frac{1}{P}$$

$$1/P = n, n = \text{ } / \text{in} \text{ } ,$$

$$\frac{d}{p} = \frac{n}{28\sqrt{N}} \dots\dots\dots (2.6)$$

가 $d/p = 1.0$.

Peirce (2.6) 28 (cover factor)k .

$$K = \frac{n}{N} \dots\dots\dots (2.7)$$

28 가 , (2.7)

28 . Fig 2.2

.

.

$$K_1 = \frac{n_2}{\sqrt{N_1}}$$

$$K_2 = \frac{n_2}{\sqrt{N_2}}$$

(Cloth Cover Factor)Kc

.

(Twist Factor)가

가

(Relative Closeness) .

(10)

(Relative Closeness) .

(a) 16's , 50 /in

(b) $K_1 = \frac{84}{\sqrt{36}} = 14.0$

(a) (b)

(11)

: 60Denier, 96 /in

: 48's , 72 /in

$$60\text{Denier} \frac{5313}{60} = 88.57's (\quad)$$

$$K_1 = \frac{96}{\sqrt{88.57}} = 10.2$$

$$48's(\quad) = 48 \times \frac{560}{850} = 32's(\quad)$$

$$K_2 = \frac{72}{\sqrt{32}} = 12.7$$

< 2.1>

$K = \frac{Cn}{\sqrt{N}}$	$K = Cn\sqrt{N}$

N () .

	C		C
	1.0	Denier	0.01375
	1.228	Tex	0.04126
Linen Lea	1.667	lb/spdl	0.2422
	1.822		

(12)

16's, 26 /in

2.1

$$K = \frac{1.822 \times 26}{\sqrt{16}} = 11.8$$

(13)

100Denier, 80 /in .

2.1

$$K = 0.01375 \times 80 \sqrt{100} = 11.0$$

(14)

2/100's , 90 /in 가 5Tex

.

2/100's 50's

$$K = \frac{90}{\sqrt{50}} = 12.7$$

$$K = 12.7 = 0.04126 \times n \times \sqrt{5}$$

$$N = \frac{12.7}{0.04126 \times \sqrt{5}} = 138 \text{ /in}$$

2.1 , .

$$5\text{Tex} = \frac{590.5}{5} = 118's (\quad)$$

$$K = 12.7 = \frac{n}{118}$$

$$n = 12.7 \times \sqrt{118} = 138 \text{ /in}$$

가 .

(Specific Volume) 1.1

, 가 , 28 .

/in , $n/\sqrt{N}$.

N가

$n/\sqrt{N}$.

가

. N가

, $n/\sqrt{N}$.

가

.

.

(Fractional Cover)d/p , $dn(1/p=n)$

, , d/p

.

. Peirce ($K=n\sqrt{N} = 28d/p$)

4.

1 ,

(Square) , $n_1=n_2$, $N_1=N_2$,

Fig.2.3

가 ,

Fig.2.3A

Fig. 2.3B

t .
가 . ,

가 가 가

가 , 가 .

가 .

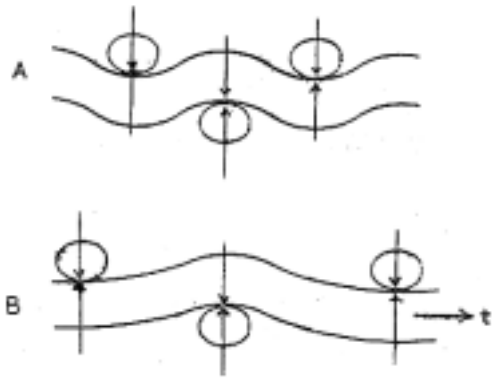
(slippage)

(Fabric Assistance) . 가

(a)

(b)

(Fig. 1.4)



3 (Simple Plain-Weave Fabric)

1.

(Linen),

가

가 . 가

(a) (Approximately Square Cloth)

가

(Tecture)가

(b) (Warp-faced Cloth)

,
 .
 ,
 , (a)
 .
 (c) (Weft- Faced Cloth)
 ,
 .
 , , .
 .
 (Balanced Structure)
 .
 (1) (Balanced Cloth)
 , (a)
 (2) (Unbalanced Cloth)
 (1) . 3
 .
 (a) , 가 ,
 .
 (b) , 가 ,
 .
 (c) , 가 ,
 .

(Balaced) ,

가 . , 가

가 .

.

36's × 16's , 78 × 52

$$K_1 = \frac{78}{\sqrt{36}} = 13 \quad K_2 = \frac{52}{\sqrt{16}} = 13$$

. (2) (c) .

,

.

2. (Geometry of Square Plain cloth)

, $n_1=n_2$, $N_1=N_2$, $K_1=K_2$, $C_1=C_2$.

(Fig1.1),

가 .

fig3.1 . 가

.

$$A_c = \frac{1}{2}d + \frac{1}{2}d = d$$

$$B_c = \frac{1}{2}d + d + \frac{1}{2}d = 2d$$

$$AB = P = 3 \times d = 1.732d$$

($P=1.732d$) 가 가

.

(Theoretical Setting) . $P=d$, 가

$$28/1.732=16.2$$

Fig.3.1

$$1/2d+d1/2=d$$

$$60^\circ$$

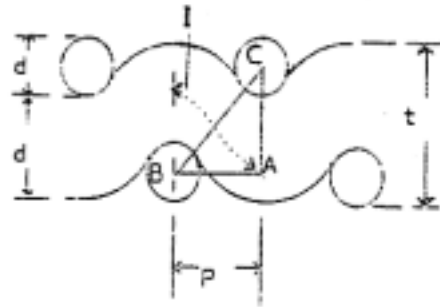


Fig. 3. 1

$$l = 2 \pi d/6$$

$$l=2 \pi d/3, P=1.732d$$

$$(1+C)=l/P=\frac{2\pi d}{3 \times 1.732d} = 1.209$$

$$C\%=20.9 \quad 21$$

$$\text{가} \quad 16 \quad 21\%$$

$$t(\text{Fig3.1}) \quad 2 \quad (\quad 2d)$$

$$\text{가}$$

$$\text{가}$$

Fig3.2

Fig3.1

$$2/3$$

$$4/3 \quad \text{가} \quad \text{가}$$

(specific Volume)

(a) Apparent Cover 가 .

$K=28d/p$. Apparent Cover factor , $Ka=28w/p$.

w .

Fig3.2

$$Ka = \frac{28 \times 4d}{1.732d \times 3} = 21.6$$

가 Apparent Cover Factor 16.2 21.6 가 .

(b) 가

, (Spun Rayon) (Normal-Twist)

14 가 . (Low-Twist)

10~12 가 .

(c) $1/3$. (Stiffness)

가

(Drape) , .

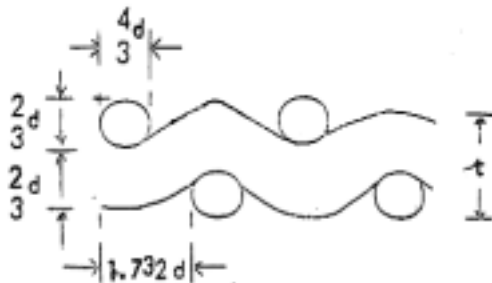


Fig. 3.2

3. (Approximately Square Plain Cloth)

1oz/yd ²	20oz/yd ²	,
	Nylon	30Denier(3.3Tex)
6's(3.443Tex)		10 30

4. (Warp-Faced Plain Cloth)

가 ,
가 가
(Theoretical Setting) Fig3.9

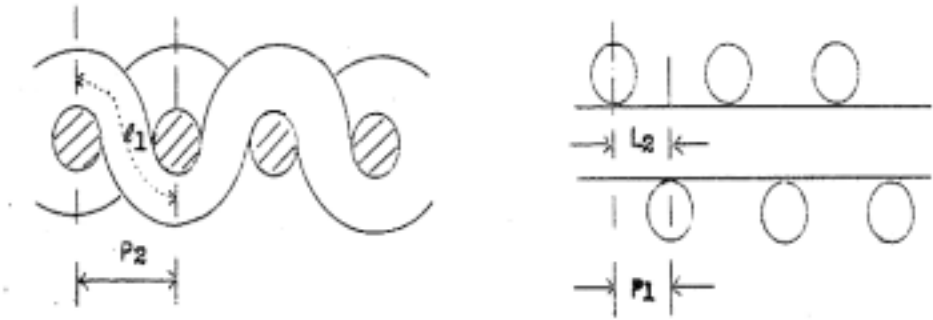


Fig. 3.9

28 ,
14 .
(28+14=42) . (

16.2+16.2=32.4)

Fig 3.9 d 90 °

$l_1=2 \times 2 \pi d/4= \pi d$

$P_2=2d$.

$(1+C_2)= \pi d/2d=1.571$

$C_2\%=57.1\%$.

, ,
 ,
 Fig3.9 가 . $2d_1+d_2$, $3d$.

가 50% .

가 (Fig3.2)

2~3% () Fig 3.10 .

2 .

가 3 .
 .

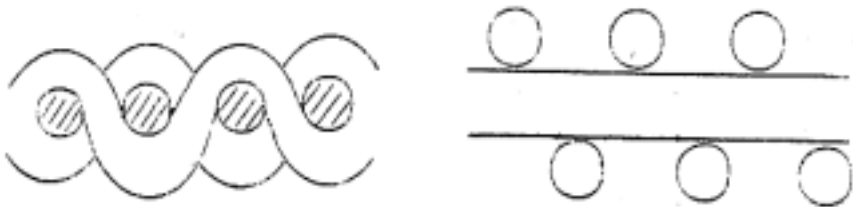


Fig. 3. 10

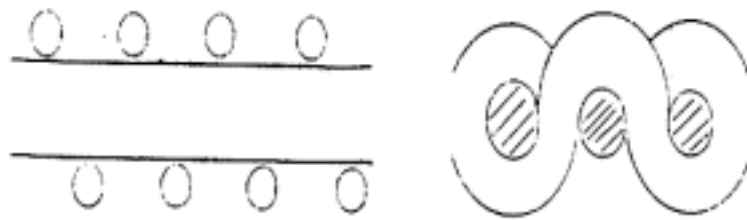


Fig. 3. 11

. Fig 3.11 가 2
, , $N_1=4N_2($), $N_2=4N_1($)
.
28 , $2/3 \times 28=18.7$.
, $P_2=d_1+d_2$, $K_2=28 d_2/p_2=28 d_2/(d_1+d_2)$.

$$d=1/28 \sqrt{N}$$

$$K_2 = \frac{28}{28\sqrt{N_2}} \div \left(\frac{1}{28\sqrt{N_1}} + \frac{1}{28\sqrt{N_2}} \right) = \frac{28\sqrt{N_1}}{\sqrt{N_1}\sqrt{N_2}} = \frac{28}{1 + \sqrt{\frac{N_2}{N_1}}}$$

(1)

$$36's \times 16's$$

$$K_2 = \frac{28\sqrt{36}}{\sqrt{36} + \sqrt{16}} = \frac{168}{10} = 16.8$$

$$n_2 = K_2 \sqrt{N_2} = 16.8 \sqrt{16} = 67.2 \text{ /in}$$

(Rib)

가

, (Crawn) . (Poplin)
 , (Poult)
 (Repp) 가 ,
 .
 .
 .
 (a) 50% .
 (b) .
 (c) .
 (d) .

5. (Weft-Faced Plain Cloth)

(Left-Handed diagram)

, Fig3.9~3.10 .
 가
 $14+28=42$ 가 . ,
 (Cloth Fell) (Temple)
 (Reed Width) 가 가 ,
 (Loomstate Width) .
 가 18 ,
 .
 ,
 .

6. (Yarn nesting or Bedding)

Z , S .

Fig3.14 (a) (b) .

(Helix)

. Fig3.14 (c)

.

가 90 °

. 가 .

[Fig3.14 (d)] 가 (Bed into) 가

.

Fig3.15 (a) (b) , Z Z Fig3.15

(c) (d) S S ,

, .

.

Brunschweiler가 가

90 °

.

20 ° ~30 °

. , 가 25 ° 90-(2 × 25)=40 °

가 . 가

45 ° , ,

.

Brunshweiler .

,

- (a) 가 .
- (b) (Crimping) 가
- 가 .
- (full handle)

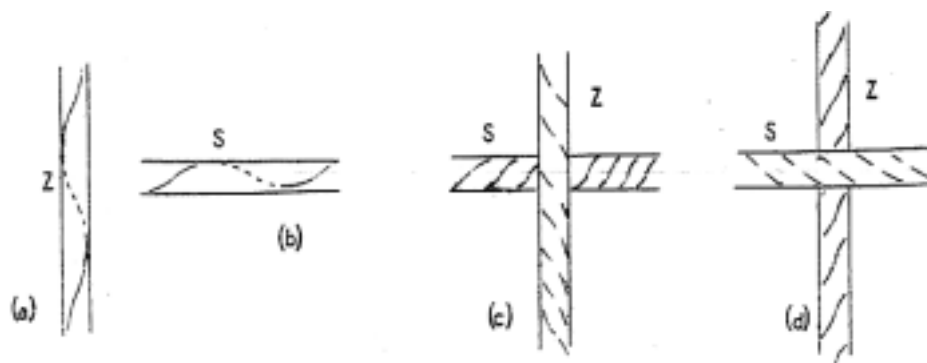


Fig 3. 14

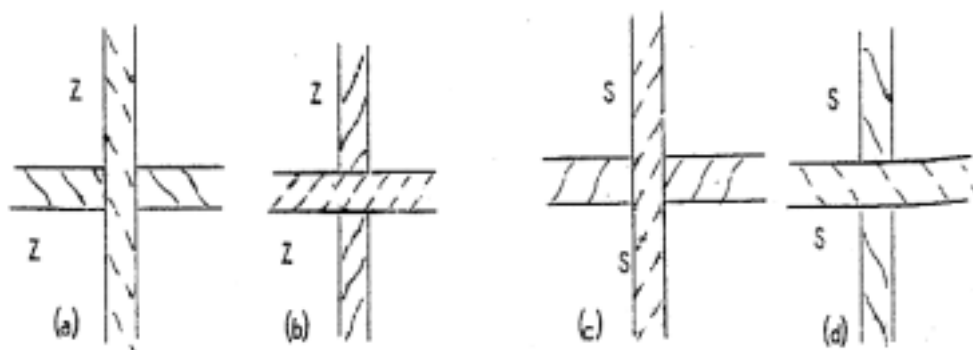


Fig 3. 15

4

(Modification of plain Weave)

1.

(Warp Rib Weave and Fabric)

2

가

(Same Shed)

Fig4.1

2

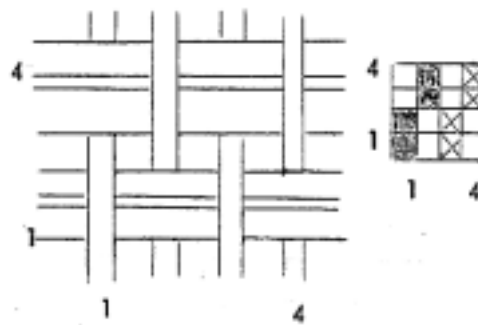


Fig. 4.1

(Crown)

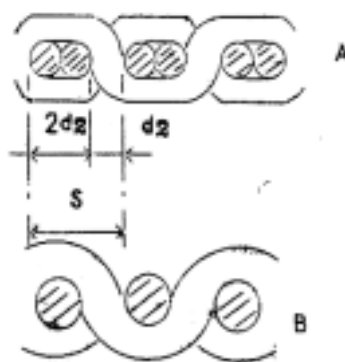


Fig. 4.2

Fig 4.2 A 가 $\frac{2}{2}$

. B A

.

B

A 2 가 . B A 4

.

B A . B ,

(Stiffer) .

가 ,

.

.

28 . Fig4.2 A $d_1=d_2, S=3d_2$

$$P_2 = \frac{1}{2} S, S=3d_2/2$$

$$K_2 = 28 d_2 / P_2 = 56 d_2 / 3d_2 = 18.7$$

.

가 ,

$$P_2 = \frac{1}{2} (d_1 + 2d_2)$$

$$K_2 = 28d_2 / \frac{1}{2} (d_1 + 2d_2) = 56d_2 / (d_1 + 2d_2)$$

$$\text{Peirce } d = \frac{1}{28\sqrt{N}} \quad (\quad)$$

$$K_2 = \frac{56}{28\sqrt{N_2}} + \left(\frac{1}{28\sqrt{N_1}} + \frac{1}{28\sqrt{N_2}} \right) = \frac{56\sqrt{N_1}}{\sqrt{N_2} + 2\sqrt{N_1}} \dots\dots\dots (4.1)$$

()

$$36's \times 16's \quad 2/2$$

.

$$K_1=28$$

$$n_1=28\sqrt{N_1}=28\sqrt{36}=168 \quad /in()$$

$$K_2=\frac{56\sqrt{36}}{16+2\sqrt{36}}=\frac{336}{16}=21.0$$

$$N_2=21\sqrt{N_2}=21\sqrt{16}=84 \quad /in()$$

.

$$36's \times 16's, 168 \times 84, K_c=28+21=49$$

2. (Weft Rib Weave and Fabric)

2 가 1

. 2/2 Fig4.4 . (2/2, 3/2) 가 .

(a) ,

(b) , ,

(a) .

$$2/80's \times 24's \quad (15/2 \times 24.6\text{Tex})$$

$$88 \times 100, C_1=3.5\%, C_2=10.9\%, K_c=14.0+20.4=34.4, \quad 4.5\text{oz/yd}^2,$$

. (3)가 2 1

(2/2) , 가

. 가가 .

$$\frac{2}{2} \qquad K_2=18.7+28=46.7 \quad ,$$

가

$$, \quad (4.1) \quad N$$

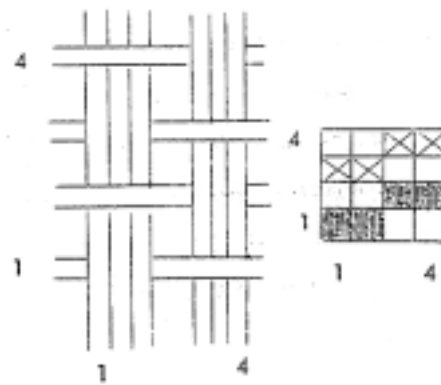


Fig. 4.4

(b)

$$14's \times 8's \quad , \quad 84 \times 30, \quad C_1=96\%, \quad C_2=3.6\%, \quad K_2=22.5+10.6=33.1, \\ =72oz/yd^2$$

(Rigid) .

가

3. () (Matt, or Hopsack, Weave and Fabric)

가 1 2 2 2
 가 2/2
 (Basket Weave)
 Fig4.10 a b

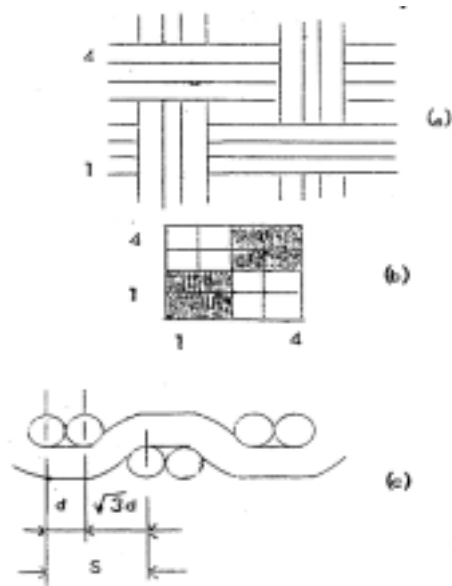


Fig. 4.10

Fig 4.10 C

2/2
 $s=d+3d=2.732d$,
 $1/2S=1.366d$
 $K=28d/s=28d/1.366d=20.5$ 2/2
 $Kc=20.5+20.5=41$,
 25%
 64 /in,

$64 \times 1.25 = 80$ /in 가 .

in 64, 40 .

.