

1.

가

가

2.

「

」

1930

(η)

가

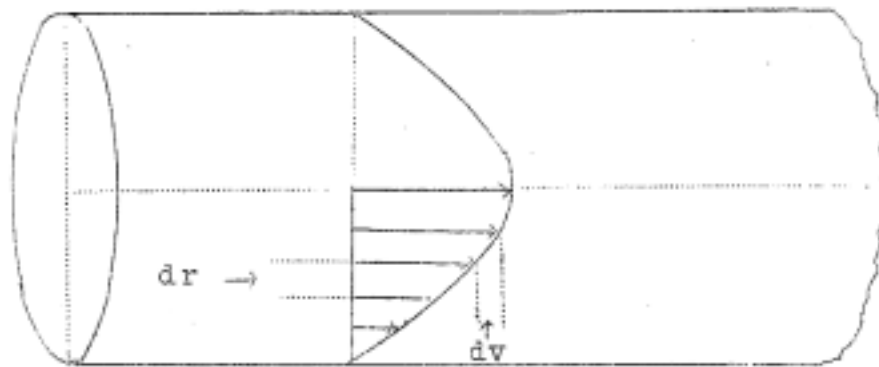
가

dr

dv

. <

1>



< 1>

0

, 가 .

D (1) .

$$D = dv / dr \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

가 .

가

τ .

$$\tau = P / A = \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

가 D .

$$D = dv / dr = p \cdot \tau \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

, p :

p가 τ D,

, p 「 」

, p

가 η

$$D = \frac{1}{\eta} \circ \tau \dots\dots\dots (4)$$

$$\eta = \tau / D = \tan \alpha \dots\dots\dots (4a)$$

η

$$[\eta] = [\tau / D] = \tau \cdot \text{sec} \dots\dots\dots (5)$$

$$= \frac{1 \text{dyne}}{1 \text{cm}^2} \circ 1 \text{sec} = 1 \text{poise} \dots\dots\dots (5a)$$

poissuille

20

0.01poise

centipoise

$$(1 \text{ centipoise} = \frac{1}{100} \text{poise})$$

$$(4) \quad \tau \quad D$$

.< 2>

가

가

, η

. η

가 Arrhenius가 (6)

,

Batschinski가 (7)

가

$$\eta = A \cdot e^{B/RT} \dots\dots\dots (6)$$

T ;

R ;

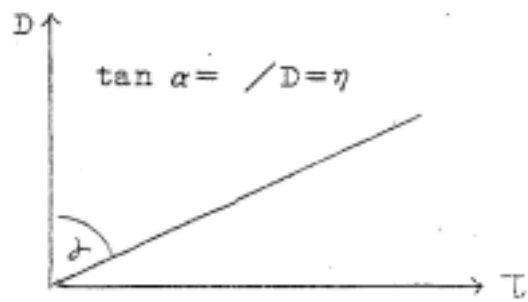
A B ;

$$P = \times \dots\dots\dots (7)$$

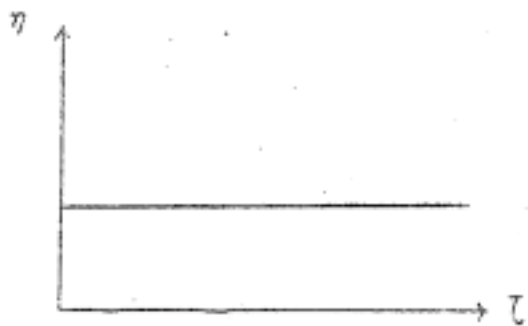
τ η

< 3>

τ



< 2 >



< 3 >

η 가 가
 D τ $[\tau = f(D) = f'(\tau)]$

< 4 >

, Ostwald-de Wael (8)

$$\tau^n = \eta' \cdot D \dots\dots\dots (8)$$

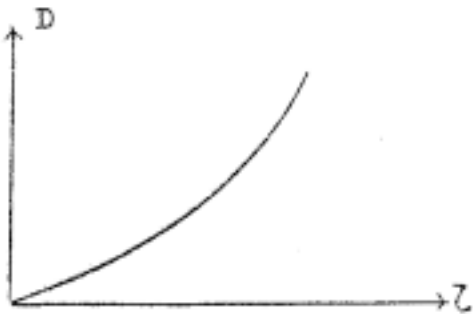
$$\tau = \bar{\eta} \cdot D^m \dots\dots\dots (8a)$$

n ; ³⁾ ($n \neq 0, n > 1$)

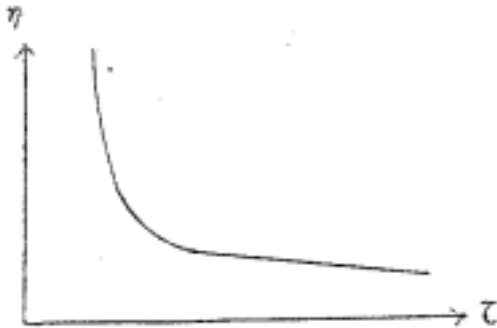
$$\eta' \quad ; \quad 3)$$

$$\overline{\eta} = (\eta')^{1/n}$$

$$D^{1/n} = D^m$$



< 4> 가



< 5> 가

< 5> .

가 ,

Van der Waals 가

entropy .

, Bingham

가

(8) n

(8) n

(8) η' n

(8)

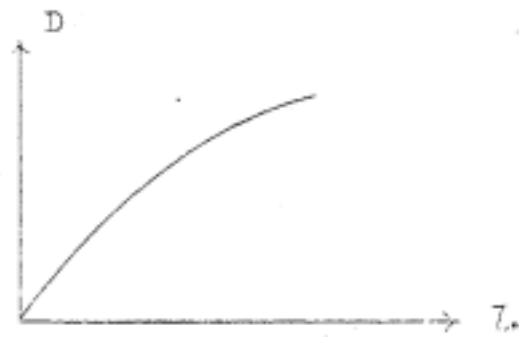
가

가

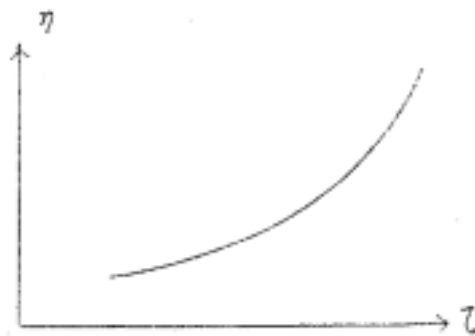
가

dilatancy

< 6> < 7>



< 6> dilatant



< 7> dilatant

τ_0

가

. Bingham

$$D = (\tau - \tau_0)$$

(9)

(9a)

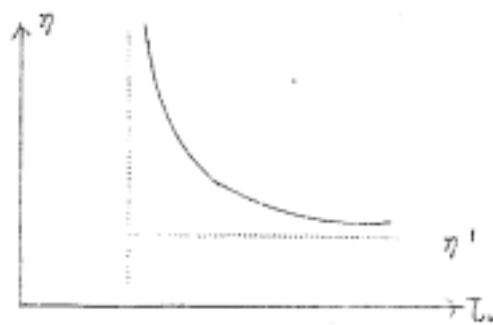
< 8> < 9> . ($\tau > \tau_0$)

$$D = \frac{1}{\eta'} (\tau - \tau_0) \dots\dots\dots (9)$$

$$\tau = \tau_0 + \eta' \circ D \dots\dots\dots (9a)$$



< 8> Bingham-가



< 9> Bingham-가

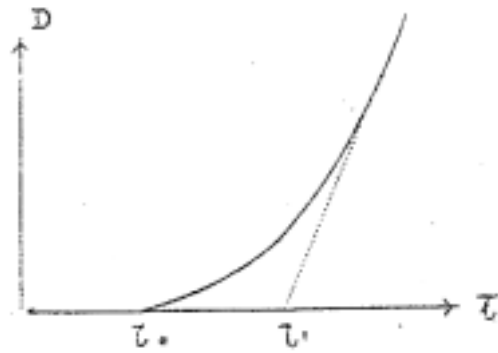
·가

D (τ - τ₀)

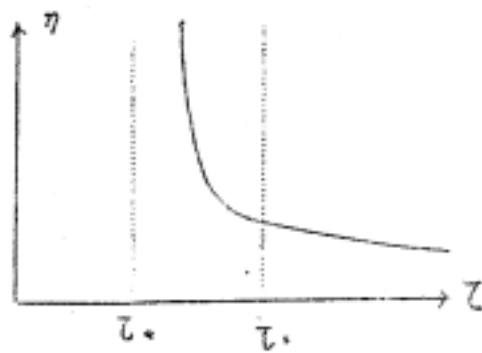
가

< 10> <

11>



< 11> ·가



< 11> ·가

·가

가

(10)

Hooke

$$a = E \circ \zeta \dots\dots\dots (10)$$

a ;

E ; Young

ζ ; $(= \Delta L / L_0, \quad L_0 \quad \Delta L \quad)$

Hooke τ 가 γ

$$\tau = G \cdot \gamma \quad \dots\dots\dots (11)$$

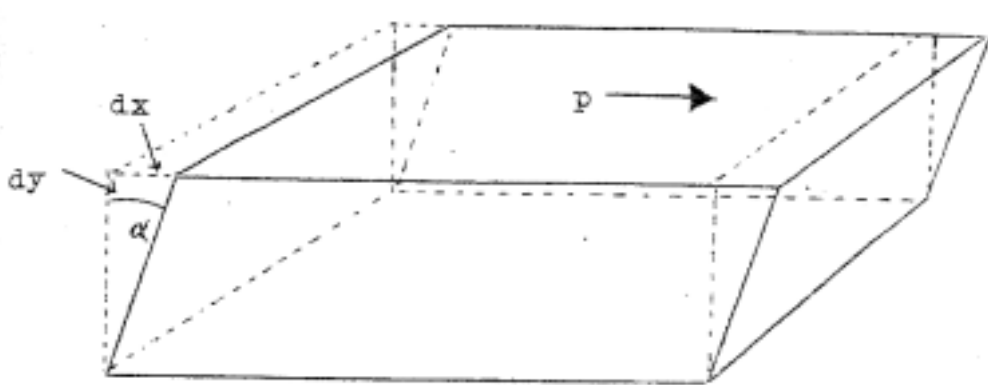
G ;

6 가 P

6 < 12>

$$\gamma = dx / dy = \tan \alpha \approx \alpha \quad \dots\dots\dots (12)$$

γ



< 12>

τ γ 가

, 가

τ_0 τ_0

◦ 가 .

τ .

가 ,

.

가

, 가

. 「 」

Hooke

.

가

가 .

D 가 η $\eta = f(D)$

가 t $[\eta = f(D, t)]$

. 가 t thixotropy(),

가 antithixotropy() rheopexy .

D τ 0

가 0 가

hysteresis loop() . < 13>

thixotropy < 14> antithixotropy .

hysteresis loop ,

가

. Thixotropy antithixotropy 가

,

가

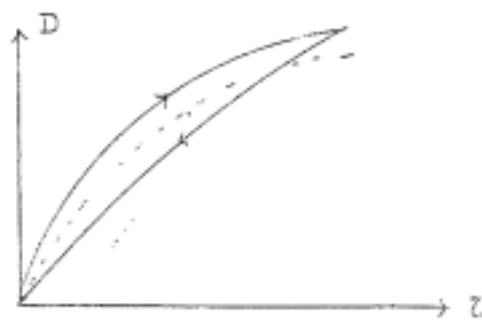
.

가

< 1>

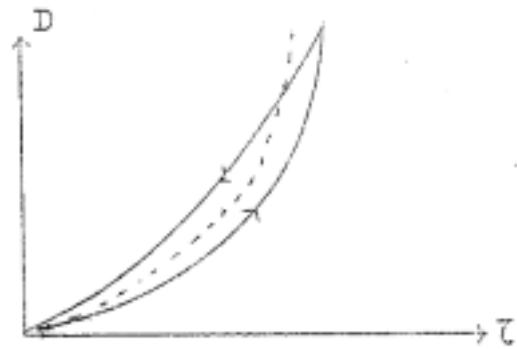
< 1>

「뉴우톤」性 流動 ($\eta =$ 일정)	非 「뉴우톤」性 流動 ($\eta \neq$ 일정)	
$\tau = \eta \cdot D$	$\eta = f(D)$	dilatancy ; D의 증가와 더불어 η 도 증가
		擬可塑性 ; D의 증가와 더불어 η 는 감소 (構造 粘性을 떠올)
	$\eta = f(D)$ 및 τ_0 가 存在	可塑性 粘・可塑性 ; 構造 粘性을 떠올
	$\eta = f(D, t)$	antithixotropy ; t의 증가와 더불어 η 도 증가
		thixotropy ; t의 증가와 더불어 η 는 감소
	粘・彈性	剪斷 応力 외에 인장 応力이 작용할 때 나타남.



< 13>

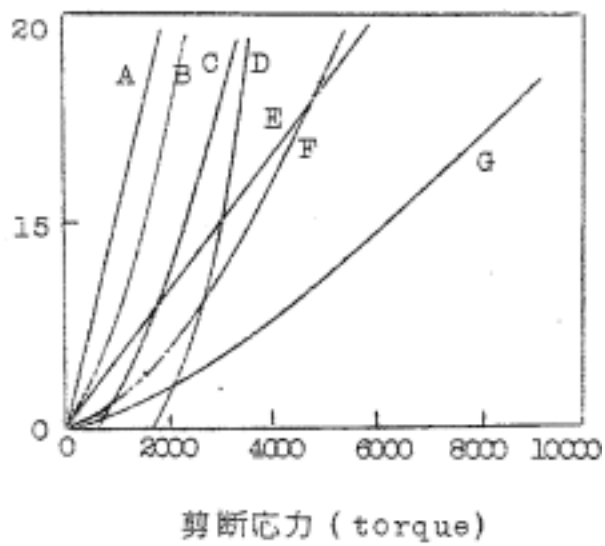
(;)



< 14> (;)

3.

2. 가 ,
가 .



< 15> 가

A ; B ; C ; Polyacry Na

D ; E ; algin Na F ; CMC G ; methyl cellulose

가

< 15> 「 」 algin

「 」 algin 「 」

「 」 , algin 「 」

2

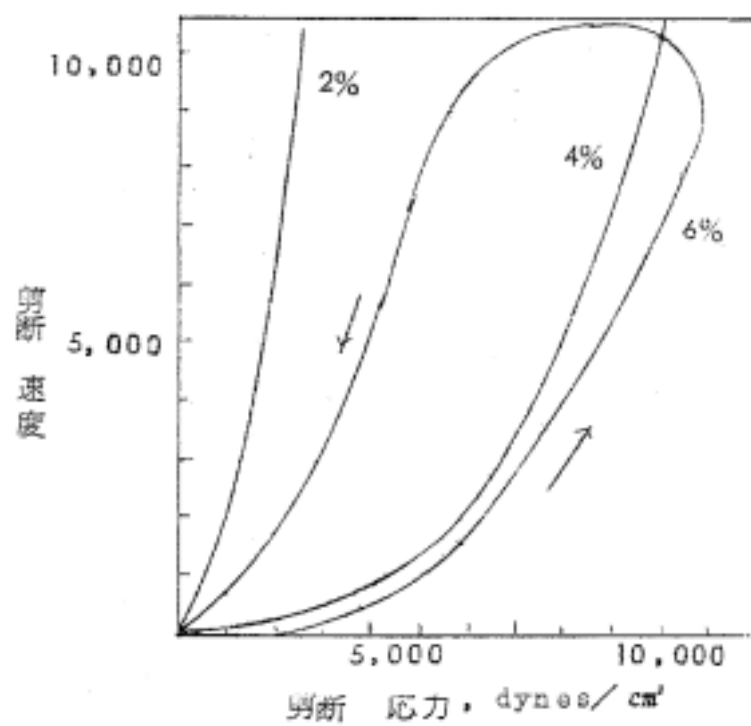
「 」

가 「 」 가

가 polyacryl 「 」

cellulose CMC methyl cellulose 가

ether ether



< 16> locust bean

< 16>

locust bean

가

. 2% 4%

가

6%

.

가

가

.

4.

「 」

가

가

, 가

(9)

(8)

(9)

가

.