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1856	Mauve(Perkin)
1860	Aniline Black(Calvert)
1862	Soluble Blue (Nicholson)
1878	Indigo (Bayer)
1884	Congo Red(Boettiger)
1889	() Diamnond Black F(Lauth, Krekerler)
1893	Vidal Black (Vidal)
1901	Indanthrene Blue RS (Bohn)
1912	Naphthol AS (Griesheim Elektron)
1915	1:1 Neolan (Ciba)
1940	Blankophor (IG)
1951	1:1 Irgaran (Geigy)
1954	Remalan (Hoechst)
1956	Procion (ICI)

3.

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3.1

. Color Index Chemical Constitution

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3.2

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4.1

(400~700mm) 가

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(nm)		(余色)
400~435		
435~480		
480~490		
490~500		
500~560		
560~580		
580~595		
595~610		
610~750		
750~800		

4.2

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4.3

가 . , 가 가 π
(가
 π) 가 ,
.
, Witt (1876), Armstrong
(1888), Hewitt (1907)
.
Hartley 1980 , Buyer
, 1935)
.

(1) Witt

1876 O. N. Witt W. H. Perkin Mvauve

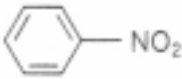
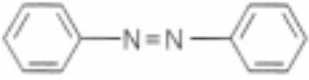
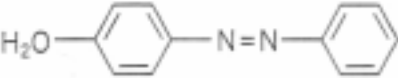
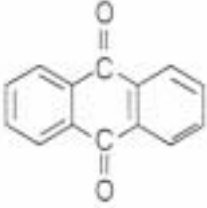
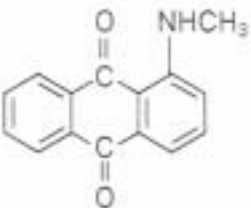
O. N. Witt

(chromophore)

가

(chromogen) .
 , (- NH₂) (- OH)
 .
 (auxochrome)
 . Witt

가 . < 1>
 , , .

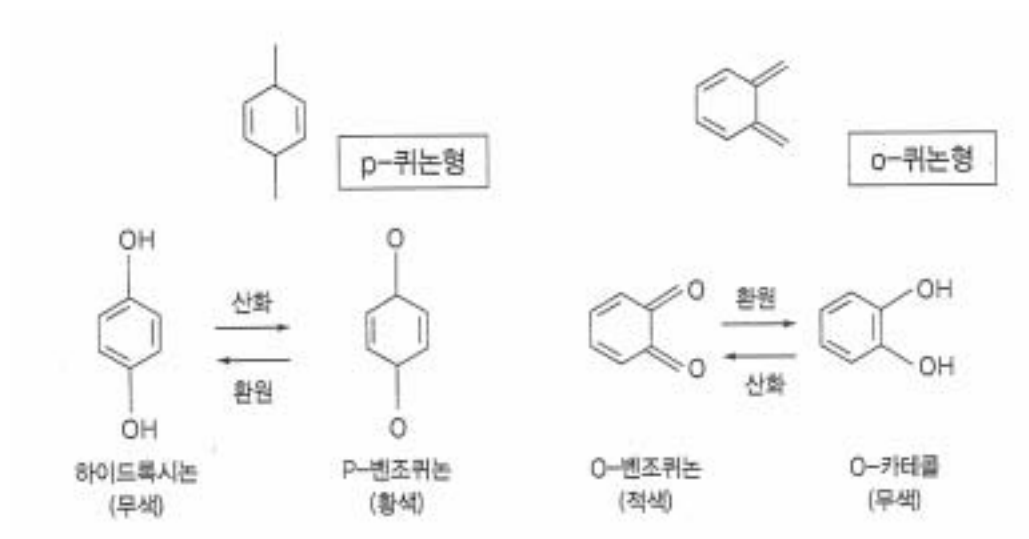
- NO ₂			- OH - NH ₂ - NHCH ₃ - COOH - SO ₃ H
- N = N -			
>C = O			

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 (2)
 1888 H. E. Armstrong .
 (quinoid)

(H₃C - CH₃)

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(- C = C - C = C -)

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- C = C -

- N = O

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가 가

Witt

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($\lambda_{\max}$)

$-\text{C}=\text{C}-$	$\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2$	200nm
$-\text{C}=\text{N}-$	$(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}=\text{O}$	230 nm
$>\text{C}=\text{O}$	$(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}=\text{O}$	280 nm
$-\text{N}=\text{N}-$	$\text{CH}_3\text{N}=\text{NCH}_3$	347 nm
$>\text{C}=\text{S}$	$(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{N}=\text{S}$	400 nm
$-\text{N}=\text{O}$	$\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{N}=\text{O}$	665 nm

(3)

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, E_e , E_g

가 . $h\nu$

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$$h\nu = E_e - E_g = \Delta E \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

$$, h(c/\lambda) = E_e - E_g \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

, E_g :

E_e :

h :

c :

v :

λ :

$$(v = c / \lambda)$$

(nm)

가

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$$\Delta E = (28.6351 / \lambda) \times 10^3 \text{kcal/mol} \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

. (3)

가

(400~800nm)

35.8~71.6kcal/mol

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π

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ΔE

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(SI)

cal

J(joule)

. (1cal

4.2J

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